## **Revitalising Ireland's Towns**

## A collaborative initiative by









## National 'Pilot' Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) Training Programme

## 'Pilot' Training Workshop No.1 (1 of 2), 29th September 2016, Naas Town Hall

## NAAS WORKSHOP FEEDBACK REPORT

#### **OCTOBER 2016**



## In partnership with







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## Report written by Ali Harvey

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# 1. Introduction to Revitalising Ireland's Towns – 'Pilot' Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) Training Programme 2016–2017

The Heritage Council of Ireland, RGDATA and the Retail Consultation Forum, in collaboration with the Department of Arts, Heritage, Regional, Rural and Gaeltacht Affairs, the Department of Housing, Planning and Local Government (DoHPLG), the Irish Planning Institute (IPI), the Irish Landscape Institute (ILI), the Royal Institute of the Architects of Ireland (RIAI) and third-level institutes (north and south), are developing a 'pilot' trans-disciplinary National Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) Training Programme consisting of two workshops in September 2016 and February 2017 with surveys/mentoring period taking place during October—December 2016. The training will support the creation of robust Town Centre Health Checks for 10 no. Irish towns, which are linked to the statutory planning system, through the review of county development plans (CDPs) and Local Area Plans (LAPs).

This innovative national 'Towns' capacity-building programme is designed by, and for, Local Authorities, town centre businesses and local citizens/community groups, with close mentoring support from government departments and agencies, and professional practitioners and academics who are experienced in town centre revitalisation, urban design, and planning, heritage and environmental management in Ireland and elsewhere. There are four key pillars to the collaborative 'pilot' Town Centre Health Check training programme:

- 1. Local Authorities;
- 2. Chambers of Commerce;
- 3. Local Civic Groups; and
- 4. Third Level Institutes north and south.

#### 'Pilot' Aims and Objectives

A key aim of the 'pilot' TCHC Training Programme is to raise awareness, understanding and appreciation of the critical role that our historic town centres play and the wide-ranging impacts that their *vitality*, *vibrancy* and *viability* have on overall socio-economic, environmental and cultural growth and development, and on quality of life for citizens and visitors alike.

Town Centre Health Checks (TCHCs) are commonly undertaken in many EU countries on an annual basis, for example through the Association of Town and City Management in the UK (including Northern Ireland). This collaborative training programme will develop an innovative town centre-led commercial, cultural heritage and tourism baseline, which will be driven forward by all the project partners. It is envisaged that this 'pilot' training programme will be recognised internationally as a best practice collaborative model for town centre management and revitalisation.

Collaborative training through workshops, surveys and on-going professional/academic mentoring will build upon Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) projects already undertaken by the Heritage Council and Partners including Fingal County Council/Balbriggan Chamber of Commerce in Balbriggan in 2010 and Clare County Council/Kilrush Tidy Towns, in Kilrush in 2012<sup>1</sup>. The workshops aim to identify current 'gaps' in undertaking TCHCs in Ireland, in order to inform the design and implementation of a new collaborative TCHC National Investment Programme to support various government policy initiatives including the implementation of the *National Landscape Strategy (NLS)* and the preparation and implementation of the *National Planning Framework (NPF)*. The pilot also supports the Heritage Council's *Policy Proposals for Ireland's Towns* (2015<sup>2</sup>). Additional key aims of the TCHC training programme are to establish the following:

- An All-island Town Centre Management Network; and
- A National Town Centre Management Policy Research Programme.

A detailed *Project Charter*, which was prepared by the Heritage Council in partnership with RGDATA and agreed by all Project Partners, is also available, if required. Based on discussions which took place between the Heritage Council and Local Authorities during the summer of 2016, the 10 no. towns meeting the criteria set out in the approved Project Charter endorsed by all partners involved (e.g. LAP review pending), and which are taking part in the 'pilot', are listed below:

- 1. Ballina
- 2. Cashel
- 3. Ennis
- 4. Dundalk
- 5. Monaghan Town
- 6. Naas
- 7. Rush
- 8. Sligo (deferred until 2017)
- 9. Tralee
- 10. Tullamore

Participating Local Authorities were then invited by the lead partner – the Heritage Council – in the late summer to put forward names of representatives from the four pillars in the towns taking part to attend the first training workshop in Naas on the 29<sup>th</sup> September. The Project Partners highlighted from the outset that the first training workshop in Naas Town Hall is a 'pilot', which seeks to enable and encourage the setting up of new networks, structures and processes relating to town centre management in Ireland – **overall, the 'pilot' seeks to encourage experimentation and innovation in this emerging sector.** 

http://www.heritagecouncil.ie/fileadmin/user\_upload/Publications/Planning/Kilrush\_Report/Kilrush\_Town\_C entre\_Health\_Check\_Final\_Report\_\_1\_.pdf

<sup>1</sup> 

http://www.heritagecouncil.ie/fileadmin/user\_upload/Publications/Towns\_pubs/Policy\_document\_web.pdf

The Key Aim of Naas TCHC Workshop is to empower all attendees to embrace the concepts of:

**COLLABORATION + CO-OPERATION + CO-ORDINATION** 

#### **Purpose of TCHC Workshop Feedback Report**

This draft report summarises the **Q&A/group discussions**, group exercises and feedback from the workshop participants held in Naas Town Hall and includes a summary of **common themes and required actions** that emerged during this first national meeting of the nine 'pilot' towns. The report has been circulated to all attendees from the participating towns to ensure that it is an accurate record of the workshop's proceedings – the TCHC Workshop Programme (Naas Town Hall, 29<sup>th</sup> September) is provided at *Appendix A* and a list of workshop participants (approx. 70 no. people) is provided at *Appendix B*. In addition, a Briefing Note for partner Third-level Institutes is provided at *Appendix C*.

N.B. All the above documents are contained in the 'Pilot' TCHC Workshop Pack (30 pages), which was prepared and circulated by the Heritage Council (Lead Partner) to workshop participants prior to the event in Naas Town Hall. The TCHC Workshop Pack is available to download from the Heritage Council's website – under 'Planning'.

## Feedback from Session 1 – Understanding the Form and Fabric of Towns+ Q&A

The first-ever Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) training workshop in Ireland was opened by Peter Carey, Chief Executive of Kildare County Council, who highlighted the need for a co-ordinated approach to town regeneration by all partners, including national and local government, and welcomed everyone from the participating towns around the country, speakers and project partners to the historic building of Naas Town Hall.

Photograph 1: Peter Carey, Chief Executive, Kildare County Council welcomes participants to Naas Town Hall



#### Overview of Irish Towns<sup>4</sup> – Understanding and collectively assessing Form and Fabric (micro)

A short animated film (approximately seven minutes long) entitled - TOWN<sup>5</sup> - by Orla Murphy MRIAI introduced workshop participants to the key trends and issues facing Ireland's rural towns today, as follows:

- 1 in 3 people in Ireland live in a rural town;
- Over the last fifty years there has been increased urban sprawl due to higher levels of car ownership leading to an increased pattern of roads rather than streets and places for people;
- System of streets, plots and buildings was introduced by the Normans;
- Systems of exchange used to be local, now they are international and on-line;
- The 'theatre' of urban life needs to be understood, appreciated and nurtured; and
- Flexible occupation and temporary uses such as markets should be encouraged in town centres.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Unfortunately, Dr David Meredith was unable to present at the workshop due to a serious cycling injury the week of the workshop.

<sup>5</sup> https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a-GuiZ2bd9g&feature=youtu.be

Photograph 2: TCHC Workshop participants watch Orla Murphy's film - TOWN



Presentations (15 mins each) were then made by **Martin Colreavy** (Principal Advisor, DoAHRRGA) entitled: Shaping the Future of Irish Towns — Developing Adaptive Policies and Investment Programmes; **Paul Keogh** (Royal Institute of Architects of Ireland): Reading the Urban Landscape (I): Understanding Townscape and Streetscape — valuing our built and cultural heritage; and **Richard Butler** (Irish Landscape Institute) entitled: Reading the Urban Landscape (II): The landscape and streetscape setting of towns and villages — Opportunities for improving urban spaces, introducing Green Infrastructure (GI) and valuing cultural/natural Heritage. (N.B. all presentations are available to view on the Heritage Council's website).

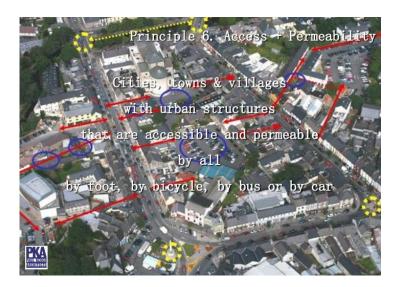
Photograph 3: Martin Colreavy's overview of National Policies and Investment Programmes

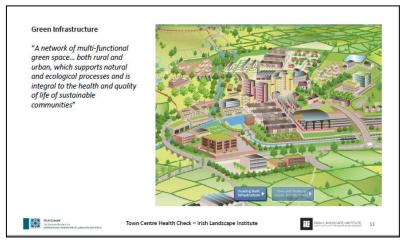


Session 1 Q&A (Facilitator Tara Buckley): The Q&A session focused on the need for 'quick wins' in the pilot towns – cleaning and painting of buildings, particularly vacant buildings, was highlighted as a useful action in the short term. The issue of parking also came up – is parking even in the right location in town centres? Who decides? It was highlighted that all traders (not just retail) need to take a collaborative approach to managing parking – on-street and off-street. It was also highlighted that one of the issues is that traders and shoppers like shoppers to park as near to the shop as possible. Need action to change this behavioural pattern in order to upgrade the public realm.

Accessibility needs to be addressed at a strategic town centre-level in collaboration with LA roads engineers who need to be bit more receptive to accommodating pedestrian and other non-car activity in town centres, in order to encourage greater footfall and vitality.

There was a lively discussion in relation to Green Infrastructure (GI) and the need to include this sustainable approach within overall urban design and town centre management in Ireland. The group agreed that this was a welcome approach and was relevant to the vast majority of the towns involved in the pilot.





Summary of Key Messages from Session 1 were as follows: *Urbanisation, National Partnership, Strategic Planning and Investment, Assessing Townscapes/Streetscapes, Character and Distinctiveness, Cultural Identity, Sense of Place, 'Time-depth', Collaborative Place-making.* 

# 3. Feedback from Session 1, Group Exercise 1 – SWOT of 'Pilot' Towns focusing mainly on 'Strengths'

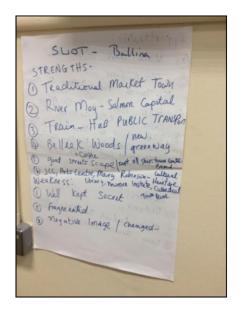
**Group Exercise I, 25mins (Facilitator: Ali Harvey)** the SWOT focused on identifying the *Key Strengths (cultural, natural, commercial, etc.)* of the Pilot towns. The speakers from Session 1 joined the town teams to assist discussions. The focus on identifying 'Strengths' at this stage was to enable participants to explore where their teams could identify extra support and resources in the short term – e.g. co-ordinate efforts at a macro-level and to help identify common themes, which could be addressed through shared learning through the 'pilot' training process. (A number of towns also identified Opportunities and Weaknesses.) Group feedback is summarised in *Table 1* below:

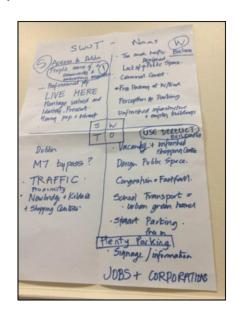
Table 1: Feedback from group highlighting 'Strengths' (Towns to build on)

Town	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities
1. Ballina	Traditional market town	Well kept secret,	Make more of the river – start
	River Moy – salmon	fragmented – negative	from scratch to develop the
	capital, Train – hub public	image – changed.	tourism product/ enhance the
	transport, Belleek Woods	Distance, main road into	town centre, hub town for north
	& Castle - new greenway,	town – N26 – no direct	Mayo (cater for Killala,
	Good streetscape – kept all shops town centre- based,	motorway – very parochial.	Enniscrone, etc) Wider choice of things to do in
	JCC, Arts Centre, Mary	parociliai.	Ballina – walking, greenway,
	Robinson library, Newman		kayaking, heritage – move away
	Institute, cultural heritage		from fishing.
	- cathedral and town park.		Hom namig.
2. Cashel	Rock of Cashel, Cashel	Disconnect between	Link Rock to the town –
z. cusiici	Palace Hotel, strong	Rock and town and town	redevelopment of Cashel Palace
	tourism and heritage	centre, no river.	Hotel by Coolmore Stud.
	brand, location – central,	,	,
	motorway – 3 exits. Strong		
	community – good		
	shopping base.		
3. Dundalk	Historic format – wide	N/A	Potential connectivity from
	streets/ streetscape,		out/edge of town to traditional
	architecture and buildings,		centre,
	DKIT, Dundalk Market –		Upgrade of Clanbrassil Street.
	civic space, Earl Street		
	pedestrian linkages,		
	natural assets – GI –		
	SAC/SPA		
	Demesnes/parks/ linkage		
	potential, easy access at all		
	entry points to town,		
	Dundalk Port, rail network, town centre CIE bus		
	connectivity – Castle Town		
	River connect		
4. Ennis	Historic and quaint	N/A	River and Green Infrastructure,
	landscape/streetscape –		cultural heritage, re-brand,
	tourist offering in the		integration- improved
	locality and wider area,		pedestrian priority, working
	strategic location between		groups needed – more
	Limerick and Galway, 6 <sup>th</sup>		integration, Friar's Walk and
	largest town in country,		Gardens, New covered market,

5. Monaghan	retail mix is unique, compact town centre, calendar of festivals, good transport links, good restaurants – great place to live!  Car parking, greenway, a lot of money in town, canal – geographical location.	Traffic flow, low town population, town is physically split, communication, vulnerability to Brexit, bed space deficiency.	improved public realm, Bogs national, Rowan tree site and Post Office Field – public realm?  Improved communication between consumer, retailers and council, vacancy should be an opportunity for change, potential of canal, a lot of wealth in the town, rich heritage.
6. Naas	Access to Dublin, people's sense of community and embracing migration, professional population, Live here! – heritage valued and identity, present – young population and vibrant.  Small village, close to	Too much traffic, lack of designed public space, criminal court, free parking at weekend, negative perception reparking, unfinished infrastructure and empty buildings.	Use derelict buildings in town centre, utilise vacant and unfinished shopping centre, design public space, congestion and footfall, school transport = urban green travel, plenty of parking, signage and information, jobs and corporations.
7. Kusii	Dublin City, natural assets and cultural heritage – coast, harbour, beaches, Martello Towers.  Sports clubs – golf, sailing. Three schools. Space & vibrant young community.	water ponution	Green and blue illifastructure.
8. Tralee	Capital town for the region  – international Rose of Tralee competition, retail capital, rich heritage – Georgian buildings and listed buildings, Green Infrastructure, tourism infrastructure, renewal of town centre/public space, Tidy Towns Gold Medal.	N/A	Activate and promote use of town centre public spaces, more champions of town centre involved in town centre management – needs to be a collaboration, Youth activities, re-activate upper floors – incentives needed.
9. Tullamore	Park and canal, green spaces, location and transport, compact and walkable, built heritage, wide streets and squares, space available, Tullamore Dew, tourism closeby, Greenway and cycle paths, hotels, friendly people, river and arts centre.	N/A	Rich built, cultural and natural heritage. Local people are an asset.

#### Photographs 4 and 5: Feedback from Ballina and Naas





#### **Common Themes from Group Exercise 1:**

- Importance of strategic location and connectivity and accessibility by air, sea, road, rail and by bicycle – links to other towns and cities are important – strategic linkages could be mapped – perceived and actual;
- All are historic towns with rich form and fabric, townscape and streetscapes wealth of unique built, cultural and natural heritage – are these assets surveyed and mapped – what is the perception of locals – what do they 'value' – are they asked?;
- Innovative thinking needed by all to bring vitality back into town centres re-activate upper floors and vacant buildings – incentives needed for all sectors and stakeholders – potential to link to overall environmental management and sustainability indicators;
- Importance of designed landscapes/demesnes, landmark buildings and monuments need to be strategically managed as part of overall form and fabric of town;
- Importance of green and blue infrastructure need for new audits/surveys in this area in order to inform strategic planning see the town centres holistically;
- Need for improved connectivity, accessibility and permeability audits and strategic planning – collaboration involving all sectors particularly the local community – understand movement around each town centre – explore existing, perceived and potential;
- Need for greater co-ordination, communication and integration on national and local town centre management issues – need to improve management structures and 'processes' – need to create networks at all levels;
- Need to invest in the public realm in all our historic town centres;
- Town centre management should fundamentally involve the local community and local people – of all ages.

### 4. Feedback from Session 2: Surveys and Analysis and a Focus on Vacancy

Presentations (20mins) were made by **Leigh Brown**, Perth Town Centre Manager (Scotland): *Creating Synergy and Energy?* and **Richard Guiney**, CEO DublinTown: *Staying Relevant in a Changing World!* 





Session 2 Q&A (Facilitator Tara Buckley): There was a lively discussion in relation to how to survey the town centre and how to capture various perceptions of the town. Richard advised participants to drill down to get a good understanding and feel for how the town centre functions and how core elements within the town centre integrate and act inter-dependently. Leigh recommended that surveys are undertaken repeatedly as things can change very quickly. It is also advisable to survey individual streets and ask about perceptions of particular streets, e.g. Henry Street and Mary Street in Dublin City Centre are said to have a good offer while Liffey Street and Capel Street do not (indeed, some people don't know where Capel Street is!). Also, surveying footfall is very useful intelligence. The various sources of reliable data in the UK were highlighted – all agreed that Ireland needs similar 'systems'.

Presentations were then made by **Terry Sheridan**, Principal Officer, DoHPLG: Focusing on Vacancy – statutory instruments in Ireland – existing and emerging tools; and **Philip Crowe**<sup>6</sup>, Reusing Dublin: Using GIS and Mapping Vacancy – Geo-referencing + Crowd-sharing

#### Vacant site levy (1)

- Urban Regeneration and Housing Act 2015 commenced Sept 2015
- Key provision
- Introduction of vacant site levy (also Part 5 revisions and development contribution provisions) to bring back vacant underutilised sites into beneficial use
- Action 23 of Construction 2020 Strategy to support economic development in urban areas and enable planning authorities to adopt measures to incentivise use/ development of vacant sites and land



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Unfortunately Aoife Corcoran was unable to take part in the TCHC workshop (with her colleague Philip Crowe) due to commitments associated with the submission of her PhD Thesis.

Session 2 Q&A Session (Facilitator Ali Harvey): There was a lot of discussion on the general lack of reliable and up-to-date floorspace data in Ireland compared to the information and data sets that were presented in relation to Scotland. Also, what are the mechanisms to capture information on vacant buildings and sites? Who is responsible and who updates the information? All speakers had highlighted the need for reliable data.

A number of participants were keen to highlight that the government needed to be more about the carrot than the stick, when it came to encouraging the reuse of vacant buildings and sites in town centres, through various legal provisions. Participants were informed that 'incentives' are currently being developed by relevant government departments and that hopefully these will be announced before the end of 2016 – watch this space!

Summary of Key Messages from Session 2 – Partnership and Collaboration, Community Intelligence, Place Management, TCHC, Culture=Digital, Surveys/Indicators/GIS, analysis (GIS), Survey/Plan/Monitor/ Adjust, Action-based Management.

## 5. Feedback from Session 2, Group Exercise 2 – Required Actions

Following Session 2's presentations, it was extremely important to identify the needs and aspirations in relation to actions required in 'pilot' towns – these were highlighted and recorded for the 'TCHC Workshop Feedback Report' (Facilitator: Ali Harvey). Participants from each town were asked to consider what actions were now needed to assist in the revitalisation of their town centres. The ideas and recommendations put forward are summarised in *Table 2* below:

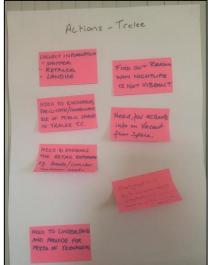
Table 2: Feedback from group highlighting Actions required for revitalising Ireland's Towns

	Town	Actions Required		
1.	Ballina	Private and public co-operation in town centre management		
		Continued streetscape throughout the town i.e. remove vacancy		
		Encourage Over the Shop uses		
		Improve broadband service		
		Develop Market Square into beautiful place to enjoy		
		All-day long vibrancy!		
		<ul> <li>Road improvement into town N26 and ring road</li> </ul>		
		Town centre dwelling space/residential use		
		Encourage Pop-up shops and other temporary uses		
		Improve pedestrian linkages and permeability		
2.	Cashel	Develop national data collection methodology		
		<ul> <li>Increase residential use/living over the shop in the town centre</li> </ul>		
		Improve retail offering in the town centre		
		Improve traffic management in town centre		
		<ul> <li>Increase parking offering/alternatives in the town centre</li> </ul>		
		Decrease vacancy in the town		
		Improvements to the public realm including street furniture		
		Improve permeability and connectivity		
		Improve pedestrian linkages with The Rock of Cashel		
3.	Dundalk	Increase population living in town		
		Improve public realm in town centre		
		Encourage occupancy of vacant properties		
		Consider further pedestrianisation		
		Improve permeability and connectivity		
		Speed calming reductions - ramps at demesne		
		Encourage independent retailers		
		Prohibit further out of two retail development		
		Educational outreach needed in relation to town centre management		
4.	Ennis	Relax building control legislation in relation to use of first floors work		
		with Fire Officers to encourage uses		
		Support updated Retail Strategy for the county		
		Target retail/hospitality mix in town centre		
		Undertake pedestrian survey, street furniture audit, lighting and		
		signage audit		
		Prepare a street furniture pavement, design strategy		
		<ul> <li>Undertake a GI plan and tree survey – plan for greater greenery</li> </ul>		
		Continue to work with Chamber of Commerce to focus on retail mix		
		in Ennis		

	Monaghan	• Cart out traffic management		
5.	Monaghan	Sort out traffic management     Sunding for passes roads to unlock lands		
		Funding for access roads to unlock lands		
		Incentives required to renovate derelict property		
		Encourage housing in-fill developments in town centre		
		Encourage population growth in town centre		
		Encourage employment growth in town centre to support an increase in population.		
6.	Naas	increase in population		
0.	Nuus	Data collection and analysis		
		Enhance public realm  I la double traffic management plan involving all costors		
		Undertake traffic management plan involving all sectors		
		Encourage retail and commercial mix		
		Permeability planning – connections and movement grid     Support Above the Shap living identify suitable leasting and		
		<ul> <li>Support Above the Shop living – identify suitable locations and incentives</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Identify the town's unique selling point(s) – USP</li> </ul>		
		Identify the historic core – map assets		
		Allocate time to Blue Sky thinking for team!		
7.	Rush	Continuous collection of data		
		Development plan for Rush		
		Upgrade of streets especially Main Street		
		Develop Heritage Trail – involve local community		
		Access to sea for all sports and development of water sports		
		Enhance shop fronts in the town centre		
8.	Tralee	<ul> <li>Collect information from shoppers, retailers and land-use as soon as possible</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Need to encourage, facilitate and co-ordinate use of public space in Tralee town centre</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Find out reason why nightlife/evening economy is not vibrant – plan for enhanced activity</li> </ul>		
		Need for accurate information on vacant floorspace		
		Support updated Retail Strategy for the county		
		Need to enhance the retailer experience – e.g. events and consider		
		customer needs		
		Employment is a key to economic viability in the town - need more  inha in mural towns.		
		jobs in rural towns		
9.	Tullamore	<ul> <li>Need to understand and provide for needs of teenagers</li> <li>Co-ordinated investment in the public realm needed</li> </ul>		
<b>J.</b>	runumore	·		
		<ul> <li>Funding for new pedestrian and cycle routes</li> <li>Invest in Green and Blue infrastructure</li> </ul>		
		Need for updated Retail Strategy for the county  Need for assurate floorspace data in Irish town centres.		
		Need for accurate floorspace data in Irish town centres		

#### Photographs 6 and 7: Feedback from Dundalk and Tralee





The Top 10 most commonly recommended Actions by all the TCHC 'pilot' town (in no particular order) are as follows:

- 1. Encourage co-operation of all sectors in a town centre in relation to town centre health checks;
- 2. Undertake permeability planning and investment in town centres;
- 3. Investment needed in public realm and main streets in town centres;
- 4. Investment needed in Green and Blue Infrastructure in town centres;
- 5. Need for updated Local Authority Retail Strategies;
- 6. Need for accurate/robust floorspace data and information on a continuous basis (linked to LA Retail Strategies above);
- 7. Incentivise use of vacant property and sites;
- 8. Encourage Living Above the Shop and Over the Shop uses need for population growth in town centres;
- 9. Encourage retail and commercial mix ensure daytime and evening economies are both vibrant;
- 10. Collect survey information/data from shoppers and commercial traders/retailers and undertake analysis on a regular and continuous basis.

### 6. Feedback from Site Visit to Naas Town Centre (and Monread Road)

Following a catered lunch in Naas Town Hall, hosted jointly by the Heritage Council and Kildare County Council, workshop participants undertook a site visit around Naas Town Centre – the site visit was hosted by Michael Kenny from Kildare County Council and Mary Keane from EU URBACT. The site visit also included a coach trip to the outskirts of Naas, specifically to highlight an out-of-town retail centre (known as Monread Road Shopping Centre) and the new Kerry Group HQ, with the aim of enabling participants to consider how such developments might impact on town centre vitality and viability, their interrelationship and connectivity with the traditional town centre, and how they could review and assess the same issues and impacts in their own towns.

After the coach trip, participants then walked the main street of Naas Town Centre and were asked to undertake the 'First Impressions Exercise', devised by the Association of Town and City Management (ATCM, UK), as a tool for assessing how visitors and residents might view and perceive the town centre. Feedback from participants included:

- Naas is excellently located on the road network;
- Naas Town Hall is a wonderful building and amenity for local people;
- Green infrastructure (GI) could be an asset with the canal, etc.
- Significant number of large corporations creates a strong economic base for the area do they shop in the town centre – it would be interesting to find out?;
- Traffic and parking appears to be an issue in the town;
- Unfinished shopping centre is a bit of a letdown and an eyesore;
- Out-of-town shopping centre is not ideal;
- Nice feel about the traditional town centre;
- Good shops in the town centre e.g. ladies shops and boutiques.

Photograph 8: Workshop Participants visit Monread Road Shopping Centre near the N/M7



Following the feedback on the site visit, the TCHC Workshop moved onto a session entitled *Next Steps*, which is summarised in the following section.

# 7. Next Steps – Outline of Survey and analysis work to be undertaken and Building the 'Irish Town Centre Partnership Network'

The next steps for workshop participants cover the period from October–December 2016 – a proposed work programme (**15** no. Steps) was included in the TCHC Workshop Pack, which was circulated prior to the event (and is available on the Heritage Council website) and is reproduced at *Appendix C*. Towns were asked to discuss the proposed work programme with their voluntary Thirdlevel support at the workshop, if they had not already done so. In addition, the Pilot Co-ordinator will allocate voluntary *Project Mentors* from the three partner institutes (i.e. IPI, ILI and RIAI), where possible. It is envisaged that inception meetings with all the partner groups in each of the towns will take place after the Naas Town Hall workshop. For example, the following team meetings have been confirmed, as of the 19<sup>th</sup> October 2016:

- Ballina Team meeting of all partners in Ballina held on Thursday 13<sup>th</sup> October;
- Cashel Team meeting to be confirmed by County Council asap;
- Dundalk Team meeting and briefing meeting with Louth County Council and QUB students in Dundalk – 19<sup>th</sup> October;
- Ennis Team meeting held on Friday 14<sup>th</sup> October (am) in Ennis;
- Monaghan Team meeting and briefing meeting with MCC and UCD students at UCD to be held on the 26<sup>th</sup> October;
- Naas Team meeting held on Thursday 20<sup>th</sup> October in Naas;
- Rush Team meeting to be confirmed by County Council asap;
- Tralee second Team meeting held on afternoon of 14<sup>th</sup> October including briefing meeting with IT Tralee students and presentation on progress to date; and
- **Tullamore** Team meeting held on Thursday 20<sup>th</sup> October.

In addition, it was highlighted by the Workshop Co-ordinator (Ali Harvey) that a draft *Workshop Feedback Report* would be prepared and circulated for comment by participants as soon as possible. Planning for 'Pilot' TCHC Workshop No. 2 in early 2017 will also commence as soon as the work programmes are underway in each 'pilot' town. The structure of the second TCHC training workshop will support the issues raised and actions and recommendations set out in this feedback report.

For further information in relation to this draft TCHC Workshop Feedback Report, the agreed October-December Work Programme and/or planned TCHC Workshop No. 2 (in 2017), please contact Ali Harvey, 'Pilot' Town Centre Health Check (TCHC) Co-ordinator, Heritage Council on M. 087 49 3458 -aharvey@heritagecouncil.ie.

#### Appendix A: Revitalising Ireland's Towns: 'Pilot' Training Workshop No.1

#### 29<sup>th</sup> September 2016, Naas Town Hall

- 9.45am Registration and Tea/Coffee on arrival in Naas Town Hall
- 10.00am Welcome from hosts Kildare County Council (Chief Executive) Peter Carey Ground Floor
- 10.10am Introduction/outline to training day, packs and structure of training programme, i.e. creating a national partnership network and the role of partners including: LAs, Local Chambers, Civic groups and Third-level Institutes/students Ali Harvey and Tara Buckley 'Workshop Programme'.

Session 1: Overview of Irish Towns – Trends and Patterns at a global and national level (macro) plus an introduction to understanding and collectively assessing Form and Fabric (micro):

- 10.20am TOWN <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a-GuiZ2bd9g&feature=youtu.be">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a-GuiZ2bd9g&feature=youtu.be</a> by Orla Murphy, UCD
- **10.30am Martin Colreavy**, Principal Advisor, DoAHRRGA: *Shaping the Future of Irish Towns Developing Adaptive Policies and Investment Programmes*
- **10.45am Dr David Meredith**, Teagasc: *Towards an Understanding of the Changing Socioeconomic Context of Towns in Contemporary Ireland*
- **11.00am Paul Keogh**, RIAI: Reading the Urban Landscape (I): Understanding Townscape and Streetscape valuing our built and cultural heritage
- **11.15am Richard Butler**, ILI: Reading the Urban Landscape (II): The landscape and streetscape setting of towns and villages Opportunities for improving urban spaces, introducing Green Infrastructure (GI) and valuing cultural/natural Heritage

**Q & A (5 mins – from 11.30am)** 

Summary of Key Messages from Session 1 – *Urbanisation, National Partnership, Strategic Planning and Investment, Assessing Townscapes/Streetscapes, Character and Distinctiveness, Cultural Identity, Sense of Place, 'Time-depth', Collaborative Place-making* 

11.35am Group Exercise I (25 mins) — Identifying Key Strengths and Weaknesses (cultural, natural, commercial, etc.) in Pilot towns — highlighted and recorded for 'Workshop Report' — summary of exercise in afternoon — Facilitator: Ali Harvey

Session 2: Overview Town Centre Management and Town Centre Health Checks (TCHCs) – Surveys and Analysis and a Focus on Vacancy:

- **12.00pm** Leigh Brown, Perth Town Centre Manager, Scotland: *Creating Synergy and Energy?*
- 12.20pm Richard Guiney, CEO DublinTown: Staying Relevant in a Changing World!

  Q & A (5 mins)

- **12.40pm Terry Sheridan**, Principal Officer, DoHPLG: *Focusing on Vacancy statutory instruments in Ireland existing and emerging tools*
- **12.55pm** Aoife Corcoran and Philip Crowe, Reusing Dublin: *Using GIS and Mapping Vacancy Geo-referencing + Crowd-sharing*

Q & A (5 mins)

Summary of Key Messages from Session 2 – Partnership and Collaboration, Community Intelligence, Place Management, TCHC, Culture=Digital, Surveys/Indicators/GIS, analysis (GIS), Survey/Plan/Monitor/ Adjust, Action-based

- **1.15pm** Group Exercise II (15 mins) Identifying needs and aspirations re Actions required in pilot towns highlighted and recorded for 'Workshop Report' Facilitator: Ali Harvey
- **1.30pm Lunch** tea/coffee and sandwiches in Naas Town Hall boards displayed with group names by TCM theme for site visit around Naas Town Centre with  $3^{rd}$  Level Leaders packs

**Demonstration** by PAVANU Mobility – <a href="http://www.pavanu.com/">http://www.pavanu.com/</a> – CEO Natalia Shiel

- 2.15pm Session 3: Understanding Town Centres Groups undertake site visit around Naas understanding form and fabric and using TCM techniques. Key Themes relationship with surrounding area, streetscape and land uses/mix, public realm, transport, green infrastructure, evening economy, etc.:
- Briefing of Naas Town Michael Kenny/Karen Kenny (Kildare County Council)
- Health and Safety Statement Alison's mobile No. 087 419 3458
- Groups form for site visit with Reps from third-level institutes
- Groups leave Naas Town Hall on site visit (Depart Town Hall at 2.30pm) coach to take people
  up to/back from Monread Road HC high vis vests for all

#### 3.40pm Session 4: Feedback by Themes/Groups – return to Naas Town Hall:

- Groups provide feedback on Naas Town Centre key features/assets, issues and opportunities
   required Actions applying TCM
- Summary of Group Findings will form Workshop No.1 Report including Key Actions to be circulated after the workshop for sign-off by attendees

**Group Discussion – 30 mins** 

- 4.40pm Final Session: Next Steps Outline of Survey and analysis work to be undertaken 'Mentoring Period' – building the 'Irish Town Centre Partnership Network'
- Next Steps October–December 2016
- Preparation of Report for Workshop No. 2 January 2017 Using the Info and Data Building a Partnership and Formulating a TCM Strategy including an Investment Plan
- Workshop No.1 Certificates to follow and Thank you!
- Feedback Forms for Workshop Evaluation box available

#### 5.00pm Workshop No. 1 Ends + Networking

## <u>Appendix B: List of TCHC Workshop Attendees:</u> <u>'Pilot' Towns, Speakers and Guests</u>

Training Team:		Organisation	Name
	1	Heritage Council	Alison Harvey
	2	RGDATA	Tara Buckley
	3	DoAHRRGA	Martin Colreavy
	4	Teagasc	Dr David Meredith
	5	RIAI	Paul Keogh
	6	ILI	Richard Butler
	7	Perth TCM, Scotland	Leigh Brown
	8	DublinTown	Richard Guiney
	9	DoHPCLG	Terry Sheridan
	10	Reusing Dublin	Aoife Corcoran
	11	Reusing Dublin	Philip Crowe
	12	Kildare County Council	Michael Kenny
	13	Kildare County Council	Karen Kenny
	14	Heritage Council	Anne Barcoe
	15	Heritage Council	Trevor Keppel

#### Attendees:

Pilot Towns		Overvisation	Name
Pilot Towns		Organisation	Nume
Ballina	1	Mayo County Council	Dr Deirdre Cunningham
	2	Mayo County Council	Bernadette Cunningham
	3	Chamber of Commerce	Mags Martin
	4	Civic Groups – Rep	Michael Hogan
	5	GMIT	Kevin O'Callaghan
	6	GMIT	John Scahill
Cashel	7	Tipperary County Council	Marion Carey
	8	Chamber of Commerce	Declan Burgess
	9	Civic Groups – Rep	Paul Monks
	10	Civic Groups – Rep	Patrick Downey
	11	LIT Thurles	Ciaran Lynch
Ennis	12	Clare County Council	Brian McCarthy
	13	Chamber of Commerce	Jean McCabe
	14	Civic Groups – Rep	Carmin Cronin
	15	Limerick IT	Katherine Maughan
Dundalk	16	Louth County Council	Brendan McSherry
	17	Louth County Council	Marguerite Quinn
	18	Chamber of Commerce	Martin McElligott
	19	Civic Groups – Rep	Fiona Cunningham
	20	QUB	Dr Neil Galway
Monaghan Town	21	Monaghan County Council	Shirley Clerkin
	22	Monaghan County Council	Trevor Connolly

	23	Monaghan County Council	Maire Cullinan
	24	Monaghan County Council	Donal McElwain
	25	Town Team	awaiting info from CoCo
	26	UCD	Luke Kelleher
Naas	27	Kildare County Council	Sonya Kavannagh
	28	Kildare County Council	Bridgit Loughlin
	29	Kildare County Council	Bebhinn O'Shea
	30	Chamber of Commerce	John O'Reilly
	31	Chamber of Commerce	Gerry Prendergast
	32	Civic Groups – Rep	Alice Fennelly
	33	Waterford IT	Miriam Fitzpatrick
Rush	34	Fingal County Council	Dr Gerry Clabby
	35	Chamber of Commerce	awaiting info from CoCo
	36	Civic Groups – Rep	awaiting info from CoCo
	37	DIT	Ciaran Cuffe
Tralee	38	Kerry County Council	T.J. Mahony
	39	Chamber of Commerce	Kieran Ruttledge
	40	Kerry County Council	Noreen O'Mahony
	41	IT Tralee	Martha Farrell
Tullamore	42	Offaly County Council	Eoghan Lynch
	43	Chamber of Commerce	John Leavey
	44	Civic Groups – Rep	Ray Carroll
	45	Athlone IT	Eoin Langan
Total =	45	Attendees	
Guests:	4.0	Duefeere Marile Davile	NILLI NAS s a th
	46	Professor Mark Boyle	NUI Maynooth
	47 48	Lorraine O'Connor Natalia Shiel	Longford County Council PAVANU
			_
	49 50	Mary Keane Jacqui Donnelly	EU URBACT Dept of Arts, Heritage
	51	Aoife Nicaoidh	
	52	Robert Newell	QUB Infrastructure NI
	53	Stephen Coyne	Liberties Dublin
Total:			
Training Team	15		
Attendees/Guests	53		

1 Dave from Stagetek

http://www.stagetek.ie/

Total: 69 People

**AV Guy** 

## <u>Appendix C: 'Pilot' TCHC Work Programme – Briefing Note for Third-level Institutes,</u> <u>October-December 2016 – Issued in September 2016 as part of Workshop Pack</u>

Pi	Proposed Work Programme for Third-Level Institutes during October–January/early February 2016				
	Action/Task	Deliverable and Deadline			
1	Confirm <b>Town Centre Health Check study area boundary</b> with local authority (and Department of Housing, Planning and Local Government (DoHPLG), if required) – ideally area should be based on statutory development plan – proposed changes to the boundary should be discussed and agreed by all at the outset – reduce potential project risks.				
	Briefing/Inception Meeting to be held with Third-level institute/organisation, Local Authority (LA), Chamber of Commerce, Civic sector reps and Heritage Council at outset of the process (i.e. after the workshop in Naas). Work programme to be discussed and agreed by all partners. Gaps to be identified and communicated to Heritage Council in order to communicate them to government as part of the pilot process – i.e. gaps in all towns.	Early October 2016			
	Undertake socio-economic assessment of contextual and regional arrangements — where is the town located in the regional hierarchy — 'Street to Region Concept'. Map relationships with other towns — connections by road, rail, cycleway, etc. What is the function of the town? What is its historic role? Feed into overall approach. Undertake SWOT analysis.				
2	I. Landuse Survey (ground floor plus other floors, where possible) of Town Centre study area and production of GIS map using GOAD classification system – in order to establish the overall vacancy rate in the town centre (%) and the specific 'retail' vacancy rate (%) (e.g. vacant retail units/total vacant retail units).  Examine crowd sharing as tool for information/data gathering – see Reusing Dublin – <a href="http://www.reusingdublin.ie/">http://www.reusingdublin.ie/</a> . Explore potential links to social enterprises in the locality.  Other vacancy rates can be established including public houses, residential, etc. Photographic record to be linked to GIS map, where possible. Designations to be included on map layers – Architectural Conservation Areas (ACAs), Special Areas of Conservation (SACs), Special Protection Areas (SPAs), etc. Protected Structures and records of monuments and places (RMP) to be included in mapping exercise. See relevant databases – <a href="https://www.myplan.ie">www.myplan.ie</a> – <a href="https://www.heritagemap.ie">www.heritagemap.ie</a> etc.	During October– November 2016			

	Assessment of overall historic form and fabric. Identify areas	
	experiencing transition.	
	Land ownership to be explored and discussed with Local Authority – see below.	
	Analysis – identify character areas and key 'anchors' – retail, leisure, civic, etc. Identify core locations for day-time and evening economies. Identify patterns in land use clustering, etc. Assess links and permeability between and within various core areas – walkability – time and ease.	
	Examine landuse patterns between existing historic core and edge and out-of-town developments. Revisit SWOT analysis.	
	Landuse Survey analysis to be checked by Local Authority.	
3	Footfall/Pedestrian Survey – based on findings of the landuse survey and discussions with the LA, Pedestrian count to be undertaken in Town Centre on two days (preferably):  • Friday  • Saturday	
	Team of six to eight field workers required, depending on resources — survey points to be recorded on GIS map. Handheld clickers to be supplied by the Heritage Council. 15 minute surveys on each side of the street on each day — use clipboards — suggested times, as follows:	October–November 2016
	<ul> <li>1.15-1.30pm</li> <li>3.15-3.30pm</li> <li>5.15- 5.30pm</li> </ul>	
4	<b>Business/Retailer Surveys</b> (see below) – undertaken, data input and analysis – SPSS. Template provided – towns to amend and develop, as required. Consider focus groups with specific sectors – go beyond retail – leisure, civic in the surveys.	November 2016
5	Shoppers Surveys – undertaken, data input and analysis – SPSS. Consider focus groups, particularly with young people – explore potential for parallel social media campaign.	October–November 2016
6	<b>Rental Survey</b> – establish various rent levels for units in town centre – identify key pitch and 'anchors' for town centre in various land uses.	End of October 2016
7	Ownership Map – to be added to GIS, where possible.	End of October 2016
8	<b>Vehicle Count</b> – boxes in the town centre – source from Local Authority engineers. Compare with footfall survey.	End of October 2016
9	<b>Car parking</b> – collect information re on and off street car parking. Include in GIS mapping – examine links from car parks	End of October 2016

	to town centre.	
10	Accessibility Audit – to be added to land use survey/GIS layer.	End of October 2016
	See PAVANU demonstration.	
11	Survey of natural 'Desire Lines' in main street - identify	November 2016
	pedestrian crossings and map desire lines compared to	
	crossings.	
12	<b>Environmental Quality</b> – noise and pollution readings/data for	November 2016
	the town centre? Quality of rivers, canals, coasts, etc.?	
13	Crime figures – number of break-ins or serious crimes taking	November 2016
	place in the town centre? Map on GIS – analyse patterns, hot	
	spots and impact of improved urban design measures?	
14	II. Further analysis of land use survey using all the	December 2016 – for
	information and data collected above.	presentation in early
		January 2017
	Report Writing and presentation of TCHC results (baseline) –	
	to be overseen by each Local Authority TCHC Project	
	Manager and input provided by Heritage Council's TCHC Co-	
	ordinator.	
	Duna autotion to TCHC Double and	
	Presentation to TCHC Partners.	
15	TCHC Presentation of Findings, Exchange and Sharing.	January–February 2017
	Drafting of National TCUC Action Dlan TCUC Warlaham 2	
	Drafting of National TCHC Action Plan – TCHC Workshop 2	
	(location to be decided). TCHC Workshop 2 will look at how	
	to use the TCHC baseline and present results of Gap Analysis	
	re TCHCs in Ireland for partners.	

**Monitoring and Reporting:** All of the above to be presented by the Third-level Institutes to the TCHC Teams (four pillars) in early January 2017. Local Authority PMs to provide short fortnightly progress reports to Heritage Council – to be circulated by email. Progress Reports to be in bullet point format, structured as follows:

- 1. Tasks undertaken in last two weeks;
- 2. Problems encountered blockages and delays;
- 3. Tasks to be undertaken in weeks ahead;
- 4. Potential risks/delays during this period.

Heritage Council Co-ordinator to liaise with relevant government departments to ensure 'pilot' blockages are removed/mitigated.

**Evaluation:** these collective progress reports will feed into the overall evaluation of the 'pilot' and inform policy-makers of where blockages and risks occur during the TCHC process in Ireland.

Methodology prepared by Ali Harvey MIPI, for 'Pilot' TCHC Workshop on 29<sup>th</sup> September 2016.